

European Network on New Sensing Technologies for Air Pollution Control and Environmental Sustainability - EuNetAir

COST Action TD1105

1ST TRAINING SCHOOL

Universitat de Barcelona, Spain, 13 - 15 June 2013 organized by UB, MIND-IN2UB - Dept. of Electronics and CSIC-IDAEA

Action Start date: 01/07/2012 - Action End date: 30/06/2016

Year 1: 2012 - 2013 (COST Action TD1105)



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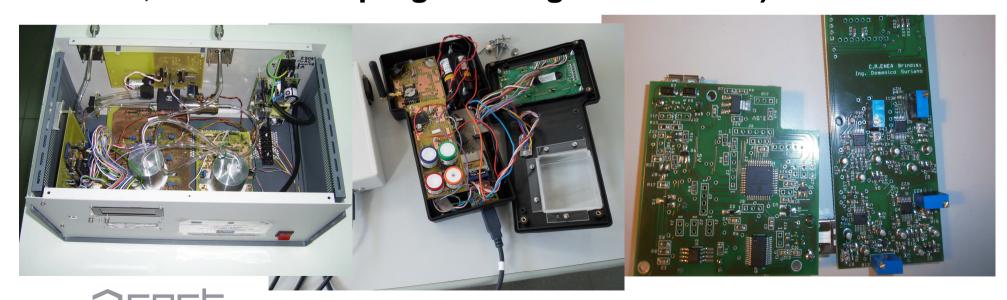
EUROPERN ESF provides the COST Office CIENCE through a European Commission contract

Expertise of ENEA Brindisi Research Center, Italy

- Electronic systems and PCB devices design and development, tests and fault detection methodologies
- Firmware design, microprocessors programming and debugging

PERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

 Software design and development for PC applications (C++, JAVA, Visual Basic programming in Windows)

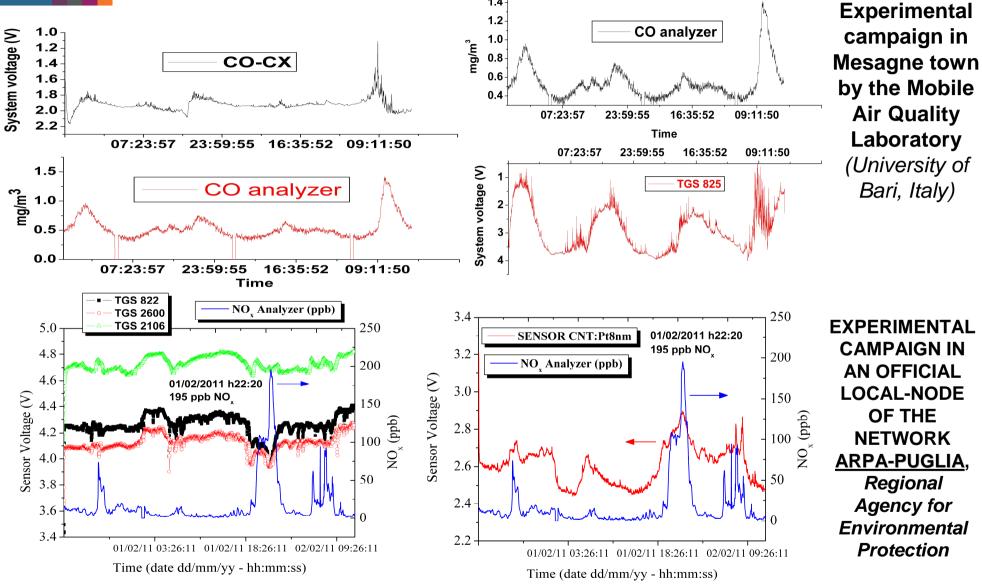


Current research activities in ENEA Research Center, Brindisi, Italy (1/2)

- Commercial and experimental miniaturized solid state gas sensors performances in the area of air quality monitoring
- Feasibility, development and applicability of portable/handheld systems for air quality monitoring and benchmarking of solid state gas sensors
- Strategies and methodologies in order to mitigate solid state gas sensors drawbacks (e.g., lack of selectivity, drift, baseline instability, temperature and humidity influence etc.)



Current research activities (2/2)



Selected achieved RESULTS

- Development of an handheld system in order to carry on the field different kinds of solid state gas sensors (commercial/experimental) for their quick evaluation
- average power consumption: 0.15W
- average battery autonomy: 46hrs
- fully remote operated by GPRS-GSM networks including smartphone or cellphone
- real time monitoring
- solar-cells automatic power switching (smart power management)

COOPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



Future activities

- Various technical improvement on the handheld system already developed (GPS, quick data graphic visualization on the onboard display, multiple node network development for mobile and/or fixed sensing)
- Experimental campaign in order to test system reliability, unknown drawbacks and bugs, in-field calibration, validation



CONCLUSIONS

- The feasibility and applicability of handheld system in order to pull out of the laboratory various kind of sensors for their on-field evaluation as air quality indicators
- New sensor materials
- New performing transducers
- Optimal sensing performance for best practices in environmental monitoring at field tests